Solving Absolute Value Inequalities

To solve an inequality means to find all values that make the inequality true. Absolute value inequalities are of the form |f(x)| < k, $|f(x)| \le k$, |f(x)| > k, or $|f(x)| \ge k$. The graphical solution to an absolute value inequality is found using the same methods as for normal inequalities. The first method involves rewriting the inequality so that the right-hand side of the inequality is 0 and the left-hand side is a function of *x*. The second method involves graphing each side of the inequality as an individual function.

<u>Example</u>

Solve absolute value inequalities in two methods.

1. Solve $|20 - \frac{6x}{5}| < 8$ by rewriting the inequality so that the right-hand side of the inequality is zero.

2. Solve |3.5x + 4| > 10 by shading the solution region.



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Step & Key Operation (When using EL-9650/9600c) *Use either pen touch or cursor to operate.

Enter the function y = |3.5x + 4| for Y1. Enter y = 10 for Y2.

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Display (When using EL-9650/9600c) <u>Notes</u>



1 0 2-2 Set up shading.

2-1



Y= CL MATH B_{*} 1_{*}

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4 ENTER

Set shade Y2 < Y < Y1
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ETINON MALY2 Y3 Y4
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Since the inequality you are solving is Y1 > Y2, the solution is where the graph of Y2 is "on the bottom" and Y1 in "on the top."

2-3 Set viewing window to "-10 < x < 10" and "-5 < y < 50" using Rapid Window feature and view the graph.

WINDOW	2	ENTER *	5	ENTER]*
3 ENTER *					

2-4 Find the points of intersection. Solve the inequality.

2nd F CALC 2 * $\rightarrow X = -4, y = 10$ 2nd F CALC 2 * $\rightarrow X = 1.714285714$ y = 9.9999999999 (* Note)



The intersections are (-4, 10) and (1.7, 10.0). The solution is all values of *x* such that x < -4 or x > 1.7.

(* Note: The value of y in the intersection of the two graphs may not appear exactly as 10 as shown in the example, due to an error caused by approximate calculation.)

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The EL-9650/9600c/9450/9400 shows absolute values with | |, just as written on paper, by using the Equation editor. Graphical solution methods not only offer instructive visualization of the solution process, but they can be applied to inequalities that are often difficult to solve algebraically. The Shade feature is useful to solve the inequality visually and the points of intersection can be obtained easily.

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