PARTIAL AMENDMENT TO AND CONTINUATION OF PLAN REGARDING LARGE-SCALE PURCHASES OF SHARP CORPORATION SHARES (TAKEOVER DEFENSE PLAN)

By approval of the shareholders at the 113th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2007, Sharp Corporation (hereinafter referred to as “Sharp”) introduced the “Plan Regarding Large-Scale Purchases of Sharp’s Shares (Takeover Defense Plan)” (hereinafter referred to as the “Existing Plan”), the effective term of which ends at the conclusion of the 114th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on or before June 30, 2008.

Since its introduction, to protect and enhance corporate value and common interests of shareholders the Board of Directors of Sharp has continued to examine the Existing Plan in accordance with the trends surrounding takeover defense plans. As a result, Sharp announced that the Board of Directors of Sharp had decided, at the Board of Directors Meeting held on April 25, 2008, to continue the Existing Plan after amendment thereto (hereinafter referred to as the “Revised Plan” and attached hereto), on condition that the shareholders approve the Revised Plan at the 114th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 24, 2008.

The Revised Plan is to protect and enhance corporate value and common interests of shareholders and provides the rules to enable the shareholders to adequately judge the situation by requiring Large-Scale Purchasers of Sharp’s shares to provide sufficient information including, but not limited to, the purposes and methods of the purchase, the amount and type of consideration, basis for determination of the purchase price, and by giving the Board of Directors of Sharp the adequate Assessment Period. Therefore, the
Revised Plan does not reject the Large-Scale Purchases per se. Rather, whether to permit Large-Scale Purchases should be entrusted to the shareholders.

Amendments are summarized below:

1. According to the Revised Plan, when the Board of Directors of Sharp receives a Letter of Declaration, the Board of Directors of Sharp will timely and adequately disclose the facts. When the Board of Directors of Sharp considers the Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information provided by a Large-Scale Purchaser is deemed to be sufficient, it will timely and adequately disclose the facts and declare the beginning date of the Assessment Period.

2. If the Large-Scale Purchase is conducted, the Revised Plan states that in addition to those intentions provided in the Existing Plan, the Board of Directors of Sharp may regard any equivalent intention as materially harming corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

3. In the Revised Plan, the outline of the Rules of the Special Committee established on November 26, 2007, and the names and career summaries of Special Committee members are disclosed.

4. In the Revised Plan, the summary of stock acquisition rights is disclosed in the event the Board of Directors of Sharp may choose a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights as a countermeasure.

5. As the Board of Directors of Sharp may cease the countermeasures even after deciding to take countermeasures, the Revised Plan states that unforeseen damages due to changes in share price may be sustained by persons who buy or sell in anticipation of a dilution in the value of Sharp’s shares.

The Board of Directors of Sharp recognized no proposal of Large-Scale Purchases as of April 25, 2008.
Plan Regarding Large-Scale Purchases of Sharp Corporation Shares
(Takeover Defense Plan)

I. Basic Policy In Reference to the Persons Who Control Decisions on Sharp’s Finance and Business Policy

Sharp is a publicly traded company that permits shareholders to freely sell and purchase Sharp’s shares without company approval. Therefore, the Board of Directors of Sharp will not reject all Large-Scale Purchases aimed at a takeover so long as the Large-Scale Purchase does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders. Whether to permit a Large-Scale Purchase of Sharp’s shares should be ultimately entrusted to the shareholders.

However, an inappropriate Large-Scale Purchase may be indicated by, but not limited to, the following:

- judging from its goal, the purchase apparently harms corporate value and common interests of shareholders;
- shareholders being coerced to participate;
- insufficient disclosure of information regarding the Large-Scale Purchase and the Large-Scale Purchaser;
- the Board of Directors of the target company not being given sufficient time to investigate the Large-Scale Purchase or to provide alternatives; or,
- harming stakeholders such as customers, clients and/or employees and ultimately harming the corporate value

What is especially essential to the Sharp Group is the ability of its manufacturing operation to develop and make good use of advanced technology and manufacturing technology for protecting and enhancing corporate value and common interests of shareholders. However, several years or decades might be needed for Sharp Group to commercialize the results of research and development. Therefore, management action based on a medium-and long-term perspective is indispensable for us to maximize our corporate value.
In light of the consideration described above, the Board of Directors of Sharp believes that any person who conducts an inappropriate Large-Scale Purchase as described above is not appropriate to be in control of financial and business policy decisions, and reasonable countermeasures are necessary to be taken if an inappropriate Large-Scale Purchase is actually conducted.

II. Exceptional Actions to Contribute to Achieving the Basic Policy including Effective Practical Use of Sharp’s Assets, and Forming Appropriate Company Groups

In addition to the actions described in III, the exceptional actions are as follows:

1. Action based on Mid- and Long-Term Business Strategy
   
   Under our business creed of “Sincerity and Creativity,” the Sharp Group has endeavored to enhance corporate value and has consistently worked to make productive contributions to society at large through the development of unique, one-of-a-kind products that are ahead of their time.

   Going forward, the Sharp Group believes that our continuing effort to develop proprietary electronic devices and to create uniquely-featured products that make full use of leading-edge electronics technologies will lead the Sharp Group to be a “valued, one-of-a-kind-company,” which we believe will result in protecting and enhancing corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

   With a focus on this goal, we have established two corporate visions for the 2012 centennial anniversary of our foundation, which are “Realizing a True Ubiquitous Network Society with Our World’s Best LCDs,” and “Contributing to Society by Environment- and Health-Related Business with Energy-Saving and Energy-Creating Equipment as the Core.”

   Base on these visions, we will offer new lifestyles and contribute to the realization of a true ubiquitous network society by merging LCD-equipped products with network services. We are also working to offer healthy lifestyles to the world by enhancing development of our environmentally-friendly LCDs and expanding
business of clean-energy solar cells, and encouraging the widespread use of health-promoting appliances that make the most of our Plasmacluster Ion and/or other technologies.

Towards the realization of these visions, we will make efforts to expand business further and enhance corporate value.

2. Basic Policy on Distribution of Earnings

Sharp considers distributing profits to shareholders to be one of management’s top priorities. While maintaining consistently stable dividend pay-outs, and while carefully considering our consolidated business performance, financial situation and future business development in a comprehensive manner, we have been implementing a set of measures to return profits to our shareholders, such as increasing the amount of periodic dividends. We will continue to return profit actively, targeting a consolidated pay-out ratio of 30%.

III. Actions to Prevent Persons Deemed Inappropriate, in Light of the Basic Policy, from Controlling Decisions on Sharp’s Financial and Business Policy

1. Necessity of the Plan Regarding Large-Scale Purchases of Sharp’s Shares

Sharp Group’s wide range of business fields includes Audio-Visual and Communication Equipment, Health and Environmental Equipment, Information Equipment, LCDs, Solar Cells and Other Electronic Devices. Most of the results of research and development and manufacturing technology know-how, which are sources of our corporate value, are confidential. Therefore, shareholders requested to sell shares by a Large-Scale Purchaser and faced with deciding whether a Large-Scale Purchase offer is reasonable may not easily evaluate our corporate value within a limited time, since shareholders need to estimate the value of the possibility of commercializing the results of research and development or know-how, and the technological synergy between devices and products.

The Board of Directors of Sharp believes that purchases of Sharp’s shares by a group of shareholders* with an intent to obtain 20% or more of the total voting rights of Sharp, or purchases of Sharp’s shares resulting in a group of shareholders holding 20% or more of the total voting rights of Sharp, without the prior consent of
the Board of Directors of Sharp (a purchase of Sharp’s shares as described above shall be hereinafter referred to as a “Large-Scale Purchase,” and a person or a company intending to conduct a Large-Scale Purchase shall be hereinafter referred to as a “Large-Scale Purchaser.”) should be conducted in accordance with certain reasonable rules, to protect and enhance corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

Therefore, the Board of Directors of Sharp has established rules regarding Large-Scale Purchases (hereinafter referred to as “Large-Scale Purchase Rules”) and requires a Large-Scale Purchaser to follow the Large-Scale Purchase Rules. In addition, based on the advice and recommendations of the Special Committee (please see Exhibit 2) composed of experienced outsiders and all Outside Corporate Auditors, the Board of Directors of Sharp is planning, together with appropriate disclosure, to take reasonable measures to prevent persons deemed inappropriate, in light of the Basic Policy, from controlling decisions on Sharp’s financial and business policy. (The plan regarding Large-Scale Purchases of Sharp’s shares described in III shall be hereinafter referred to as the “Plan.”)

*A group of shareholders shall mean any of the following:
1) a holder (defined in Paragraph 1, Article 27-23 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan, including a person included as a holder pursuant to Paragraph 3, Article 27-23 thereof) of share certificates or other securities (defined in Paragraph 1, Article 27-23 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan) of Sharp, and any joint holders (defined in Paragraph 5, Article 27-23 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan, including a person deemed as a joint holder pursuant to Paragraph 6, Article 27-23 thereof), or

2) a person or a company who makes a purchase (defined in Paragraph 1, Article 27-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan, including a purchase made on a financial instruments market) of share certificates or other securities (defined in Paragraph 1, Article 27-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan) of Sharp, and any specially related parties (defined in Paragraph 7, Article 27-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan); hereinafter the same.
2. Plan Details

(1) Establishment of Large-Scale Purchase Rules

Large-Scale Purchase Rules require that a Large-Scale Purchaser shall provide the Board of Directors of Sharp with necessary and sufficient information in advance, and after an assessment period has passed, a Large-Scale Purchaser shall be allowed to initiate a Large-Scale Purchase. The details are prescribed as follows.

① A Large-Scale Purchaser is required to provide necessary and sufficient information (hereinafter referred to as the “Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information”) concerning the contents of the Large-Scale Purchase and the Large-Scale Purchaser. Each Large-Scale Purchase has distinctive Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information. Therefore, when a Large-Scale Purchaser intends to initiate a Large-Scale Purchase, the Large-Scale Purchaser is required to submit to Sharp a written document (hereinafter referred to as “Letter of Declaration”) that includes a declaration to comply with the Large-Scale Purchase Rules, the name and address of the Large-Scale Purchaser, applicable law under which the Large-Scale Purchaser is established or the governing law of incorporation, the name of the representative director, contact information in Japan and an outline of the Large-Scale Purchase. When the Board of Directors of Sharp receives the Letter of Declaration, the Board of Directors of Sharp will timely and adequately disclose the facts.

② Within five (5) business days after receipt of the Letter of Declaration, Sharp will issue a list to the Large-Scale Purchaser of initially required Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information for the Large-Scale Purchase and will require the Large-Scale Purchaser to immediately provide such information described in that list. (Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information includes, but is not limited to, the criteria described below.) If the information initially provided by the Large-Scale Purchaser is deemed to be insufficient, Sharp may require the Large-Scale Purchaser to provide additional information until Sharp determines the provided information is sufficient. When the Board of Directors of Sharp considers the Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information provided by the Large-Scale Purchaser is deemed to be sufficient, the Board of
Directors of Sharp will timely and adequately disclose the facts.

(a) An outline of the Large-Scale Purchaser and its group (including name, capital structure, subject matter of its business, financial condition, history of past acquisitions or Large-Scale Purchases, experience in some similar kind of business as Sharp’s business);
(b) The purposes, methods and conditions of the purchase (including the amount and type of consideration, basis for determination of the purchase price, the source of funds for the purchase, duration of the purchase, structure of the transaction);
(c) An outline of the supplier of the funds (including name, capital structure);
(d) Management Policy the Large-Scale Purchaser intends to adopt after the completion of the Large-Scale Purchase, details of medium- and long-term plans for each business, equity policy, financial policy, dividend policy;
(e) Policy for putting to use the patents, brands, etc. to continuously enhance corporate value and common interests of shareholders, and the basis of the Policy;
(f) Policy on whether to change or not to change the treatment of stakeholders (customers, clients, employees, local community and others), that would be implemented after the completion of the Large-Scale Purchase, and the policy’s contents.

If a Large-Scale Purchase is proposed, and disclosure is considered necessary for shareholders to make decisions, the Board of Directors of Sharp will disclose, at a time it deems appropriate, the facts of such Large-Scale Purchase and all or part of the Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information provided to the Board of Directors of Sharp.

3 After the requirement of the Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information has been totally satisfied, the Board of Directors of Sharp will have sixty (60) business days, if the counter value will be paid only in Japanese Yen, or ninety (90) business days, if the counter value will be paid in other than Japanese Yen, as a period to assess the purchase (hereinafter referred to as “Assessment Period”) during which the Board of Directors of Sharp will assess,
investigate, examine, negotiate, form an opinion and seek any alternatives. Therefore, the Large-Scale Purchase will be allowed to commence only after the Assessment Period has passed.

(2) Investigation of Large-Scale Purchase and Process of Decision

During the Assessment Period, the Board of Directors of Sharp will accurately assess and investigate the provided Large-Scale Purchase Relevant Information to deliberate on its opinion, observing timely disclosure of information, while seeking advice from outside experts including lawyers, financial advisors and certified public accountants. The Board of Directors of Sharp will negotiate with a Large-Scale Purchaser in order to improve the terms of a proposed Large-Scale Purchase if necessary.

Even if a Large-Scale Purchaser complies with the Large-Scale Purchase Rules, the following factors shall be regarded as materially harmful to corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

① There is no intention to participate in Sharp Group’s management, and there is an intention to inflate Sharp’s share price and resell the shares to Sharp or its affiliates at an inflated price.

② There is an intention to transfer intellectual property rights, know-how, trade secrets, main clients or customers which are indispensable to Sharp Group’s business to a Large-Scale Purchaser or its group by temporarily commandeering Sharp Group’s management.

③ There is an intention to misappropriate Sharp Group’s assets as collateral or funds for loans for a Large-Scale Purchaser or its group.

④ There is an intention to dispose of Sharp Group’s assets by temporarily commandeering their management, to obtain a temporarily high dividend or to sell the shares at a high price due to payment of a temporarily high dividend.

⑤ There is an intention equivalent to the preceding intentions, which materially harms corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

Before investigation of the Large-Scale Purchase or countermeasures are taken by the Board of Directors of Sharp, the Special Committee (for an outline of the
Special Committee Rules and list of members of the Special Committee as of the
date of the release of the Plan, please see Exhibit 2), which consists of
experienced outsiders and all Outside Corporate Auditors, shall deliberate on
and recommend to the Board of Directors of Sharp whether sanctioning the
Large-Scale Purchase is advisable or if countermeasures should be taken. The
Board of Directors of Sharp shall fully consider this recommendation and make a
final decision concerning countermeasures prescribed in (3) below. After
countermeasures are taken, if a Large-Scale Purchaser provides Sharp with
necessary and sufficient information, and the Special Committee recommends
and the Board of Directors of Sharp decides that the Large-Scale Purchase does
not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders, the Board of
Directors of Sharp may cease such countermeasures.

(3) Countermeasures based on the Plan

① In case a Large-Scale Purchaser complies with the Large-Scale Purchase
Rules, and the Large-Scale Purchase is deemed not to harm corporate
value and common interests of shareholders:
The Board of Directors of Sharp will not take any countermeasures.

② In case a Large-Scale Purchaser does not comply with the Large-Scale
Purchase Rules:
If a Large-Scale Purchaser does not comply with the Large-Scale Purchase
Rules and initiates the Large-Scale Purchase, or deviates from the
Large-Scale Purchase Rules, the Board of Directors of Sharp may take
countermeasures, such as a share split, or a gratis allotment of stock
acquisition rights, as permitted by law, regulations or by-laws in effect at the
time, to protect corporate value and common interests of shareholders. The
Board of Directors of Sharp shall, at its discretion, choose at the time the
most reasonable and appropriate countermeasures.
An outline of countermeasures in the form of a gratis allotment of Stock
Acquisition Rights is provided in Exhibit 3. If the Board of Directors of Sharp
decides to issue the Stock Acquisition Rights, the following may be imposed
with the effectiveness of countermeasures in mind: an exercise period,
conditions for exercising, e.g. those who are exercising Stock Acquisition
Rights cannot belong to a specified group of shareholders with more than a certain share of voting rights, and acquisition provisions. The Board of Directors of Sharp may determine different conditions from those that are provided in Exhibit 3 in accordance with the circumstances at the time of issuance of the Stock Acquisition Rights.

3 In case a Large-Scale Purchaser complies with the Large-Scale Purchase Rules, but the Large-Scale Purchase nevertheless harms corporate value and common interests of shareholders:
If a Large-Scale Purchase deemed harmful to corporate value and common interests of shareholders is initiated, the Board of Directors of Sharp may take countermeasures, such as a share split, or a gratis allotment of stock acquisition rights, as permitted by law, regulations or by-laws in effect at the time, to protect corporate value and common interests of shareholders. The Board of Directors of Sharp shall, at its discretion, choose at the time the most reasonable and appropriate countermeasures.
An outline of countermeasures in the form of a gratis allotment of Stock Acquisition Rights is provided in Exhibit 3. If the Board of Directors of Sharp decides to issue the Stock Acquisition Rights, it may take the same measures as set forth in ② above. The Board of Directors of Sharp may determine different conditions from those that are provided in Exhibit 3 in accordance with the circumstances at the time of issuance of the Stock Acquisition Rights.

3. Influence on Shareholders and Investors, etc.

(1) Influence on shareholders and investors at the time of introduction of the Plan:
The Board of Directors of Sharp is not splitting shares or issuing the Stock Acquisition Rights at the time of the introduction of the Plan. The introduction of the Plan has no direct influence on the rights and interests of shareholders and investors.

(2) Influence on shareholders and investors at the time of taking countermeasures:
The Board of Directors of Sharp will timely disclose information at the time of taking countermeasures against a Large-Scale Purchaser, and adequately
consider the interests of shareholders and investors other than the Large-Scale Purchaser.

However, as indicated at the end of 2. (2), the Board of Directors of Sharp may cease the countermeasures in accordance with the circumstances even after deciding to take countermeasures. Once the Board of Directors of Sharp decides to take countermeasures in the form of a gratis allotment of Stock Acquisition Rights, but later decides to cease such countermeasures or acquires all Stock Acquisition Rights after allotment, unforeseen damages due to changes in share price may be sustained by shareholders or investors who buy or sell in anticipation of a dilution in the value of Sharp’s shares, because a dilution of the value of Sharp’s shares shall not occur.

(3) Necessary procedure for shareholders to be followed when countermeasures are taken:

Shareholders shall be registered as owners by the base day determined in a public notification in the event the Board of Directors of Sharp determines to split shares or allot gratis stock acquisition rights. Sharp will notify the shareholders of the details of the method of allotting and exercising stock acquisition rights in accordance with relevant law and regulations when stock acquisition rights are allotted to shareholders.

4. Process of Introducing the Plan

The Board of Directors of Sharp decided at the Board of Directors Meeting held on April 25, 2008 to adopt the Plan on condition that the shareholders approve the Plan at the 114th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 24, 2008. All five (5) Corporate Auditors including three (3) Outside Corporate Auditors expressed their opinion that the introduction of the Plan is adequate.

5. Term of the Plan

The Plan is effective from the conclusion of the 114th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on June 24, 2008 until the conclusion of the 115th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on or before June 30, 2009, on condition that the shareholders approve the Plan at the 114th
Meeting. If the shareholders approve the Plan at the 115th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, the Plan will be effective until the conclusion of the subsequent meeting.

The Board of Directors of Sharp may decide to abolish the Plan before expiration. If need be, the Board of Directors of Sharp may revise the Plan while the Plan is in effect, in accordance with revised laws or revised stock exchange regulations concerning takeover defense plans, if such revision will not be contrary to the basic principles of the Plan approved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. If the Plan is postponed, abolished or revised, the Board of Directors of Sharp shall immediately disclose such action.

IV The fact that, and the reasons why, the Plan is based on the Basic Policy, does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders, and is not intended to prolong the respective individuals in their positions of Director.

For the reasons set out below, The Board of Directors of Sharp believes that the action described in III is based on the Basic Policy described in I, does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders, and is not intended to prolong the respective individuals in their positions of Director.

1. The Plan is based on the Basic Policy.

   The Plan’s provisions include the contents of Large-Scale Purchase Rules, measures for Large-Scale Purchases, establishment of the Special Committee and the effects on shareholders and investors.

   The Plan clearly requires a Large-Scale Purchaser to provide the Board of Directors of Sharp with necessary and sufficient information in advance, a Large-Scale Purchaser shall be allowed to initiate a Large-Scale Purchase after an Assessment Period has passed, and the Board of Directors of Sharp may take countermeasures if a Large-Scale Purchaser does not comply with these provisions.
The Plan prevents inappropriate Large-Scale Purchases deemed to harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders even if a Large-Scale Purchaser complies with the Large-Scale Purchase Rules, and provides that the Board of Directors of Sharp may take reasonable countermeasures in the event of an inappropriate Large-Scale Purchase.

Therefore, the Plan is established in accordance with the Basic Policy.

2. The Plan does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders.

As described in I, the Basic Policy respects corporate value and common interests of shareholders. The Plan is established in accordance with A) the Basic Policy, B) the three (3) principles provided in the “Guidelines Regarding Takeover Defense for the Purpose of Protection and Enhancement of Corporate Value and Shareholders’ Common Interests” (i) Protection and Enhancement of Corporate Value and Shareholders’ Common Interests, (ii) Prior Disclosure and Shareholders’ Will and (iii) Necessity and Reasonableness), promulgated by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Ministry of Justice on May 27, 2005, and C) the duties concerning the adoption of takeover defenses (Sufficient Disclosure, Transparency, Effect on the Market and Respect for Shareholders’ Rights) provided in the “Timely Disclosure Rules,” promulgated by Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. The Plan provides that the shareholders shall be provided with the necessary information to enable them to decide whether they accept the Large-Scale Purchase, and a proposal of alternatives by the Board of Directors of Sharp. Therefore, the Plan is designed to enable the shareholders and investors to make an informed decision, and does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders, but rather enhances such value and interests.

Furthermore, the Plan will be enacted or renewed depending on whether the shareholders approve the Plan, and the Plan will be renewed or abolished if shareholders wish to do so. This indicates that the Plan does not harm corporate value and common interests of shareholders.
3. The Plan is not intended to prolong the respective individuals in their positions of Director.

The Plan recognizes that whether to permit a Large-Scale Purchase of Sharp’s shares should be ultimately entrusted to the shareholders. The Plan prevents inappropriate Large-Scale Purchases, and requires compliance with the Large-Scale Purchase Rules and provides for potential countermeasures to protect corporate value and common interests of shareholders. The Plan clearly provides detailed countermeasures in advance for the Board of Directors of Sharp to take against inappropriate Large-Scale Purchases. Such countermeasures by the Board of Directors of Sharp shall be taken in accordance with the provisions of the Plan. Not only the decision of the Board of Directors of Sharp, but the approval of the shareholders are required to give effect to the Plan.

When the Board of Directors of Sharp assesses and investigates the Large-Scale Purchases, proposes alternatives, negotiates with a Large-Scale Purchaser, or takes countermeasures, the Board of Directors of Sharp shall fully consider the advice of the Special Committee, which consists of experienced independent outsiders and independent Outside Corporate Auditors, as well as outside experts. The Special Committee’s advice and recommendations shall not consider the interests of the Directors. The Plan includes provisions that guarantee due process by the Board of Directors of Sharp.

Therefore, the Plan is clearly not intended to prolong the respective individuals in their positions of Directors.
Exhibit 1: Plan regarding Large-Scale Purchases of Sharp Corporation Shares

Large-Scale Purchaser

Large-Scale Purchase without Letter of Declaration

Proposal to the Board of Directors (Submission of Letter of Declaration)

Board of Directors’ Request for provision of information (Large-Scale Purchase Rules)

Non-compliance with Large-Scale Purchase Rules

Investigation of countermeasures and Negotiation with the Large-Scale Purchaser (60/90 business days)

Advice and recommendations from the Special Committee

Countermeasures*

No Countermeasures

* After countermeasures are taken, if a Large-Scale Purchaser provides Sharp with necessary and sufficient information, and the Special Committee recommends and the Board of Directors of Sharp decides that the Large-Scale Purchase does not harm the corporate value and common interests of the shareholders, the Board of Directors of Sharp may cease such countermeasures.
Exhibit 2: Outline of the Special Committee

(1) Outline of the Special Committee Rules

- The Special Committee shall be established based on a decision by the Board of Directors of Sharp.

- The Special Committee shall be made up of three (3) or more persons (hereinafter referred to as “Members”) and consist of experienced outsiders and Outside Corporate Auditors of Sharp.

- Members shall be appointed by the Board of Directors of Sharp. An interested person of Sharp, a Director of Sharp or the Large-Scale Purchaser shall not be a Member.

- The term of office of a Member shall be one (1) year. It shall be renewed automatically for one (1) year unless Sharp or a Member shall give written notice to the other of an intention not to so renew one (1) month or more prior to the expiration of the initial term or any extended term then in effect.

- At the request of the Board of Directors of Sharp, the Special Committee shall investigate the matters listed below, and advise and recommend the Board of Directors of Sharp what the Special Committee decides. The Board of Directors of Sharp shall fully consider such advice and recommendations, and make a final decision concerning the countermeasures. When reaching such decision, each Member of the Special Committee and each Director of Sharp shall consider how the corporate value of Sharp Group and the common interests of the shareholders are best served and not the interests of Members, Directors or others.
  ① Whether such countermeasures should be taken or not
  ② Whether the countermeasures the Board of Directors of Sharp have contemplated are adequate or not
  ③ Whether it is necessary to cease countermeasures or not
  ④ Important matters equivalent to the preceding three (3) items
  ⑤ Other matters referred to the Special Committee by the Board of Directors of Sharp
• At the expense of Sharp, the Special Committee may seek advice from experts including lawyers, financial advisors and certified public accountants if the Special Committee considers such advice necessary.

• The Special Committee shall be held with all Members in attendance. However, if a Member cannot attend because of accident or other unavoidable grounds, the Special Committee may be held with a majority of Members in attendance.

• Resolutions of the Special Committee shall be adopted by a majority of all Members.

(2) Members of the Special Committee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Date of birth: January 25, 1935</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hidetoshi Yajima</td>
<td>Date of Birth: January 25, 1935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1990</td>
<td>Director of Shimadzu Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1994</td>
<td>Managing Director of Shimadzu Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1996</td>
<td>Senior Managing Director of Shimadzu Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1998</td>
<td>President and Chief Executive Officer of Shimadzu Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 2003</td>
<td>Chairman of the Board of Shimadzu Corporation (present)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 2006</td>
<td>Member of the Advisory Board of Sharp Corporation (present)</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Date of Birth: November 12, 1947</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tadao Kagono</td>
<td>Date of Birth: November 12, 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 1970</td>
<td>Graduated from Faculty of Business Administration, Kobe University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 1972</td>
<td>Completed Master Course of Graduate School of Business Administration, Kobe University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 1988</td>
<td>Professor, Faculty of Business Administration, Kobe University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1998</td>
<td>Dean, Faculty of Business Administration, Kobe University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1999</td>
<td>Professor, Graduate School of Business Administration, Kobe University (present)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Date of Birth: November 16, 1941</th>
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<tr>
<td>Mitsuhiko Iwasaki</td>
<td>Date of Birth: November 16, 1941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1991</td>
<td>Director of The Fuji Bank, Ltd. Management Securities and Custody Business Planning Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 1994</td>
<td>Corporate Senior Executive Director of the Fuji Securities Co., Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1996</td>
<td>Corporate Senior Executive Vice President of the Fuji Securities Co., Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 1998</td>
<td>Chief Director of Fuji Bank Consumers Cooperative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Michihiro Ishii  
Date of birth: January 2, 1932

- April 1957  Member of Bar Association
- April 1958  Joined Irokawa Law Office (present)
- June 1998  Corporate Auditor (Outside Corporate Auditor), Sharp Corporation (present)

Hiroshi Chumon  
Date of birth: March 8, 1937

- September 1985  Chief of the Ibaraki Prefectural Police Headquarters
- July 1988  Director General of the Criminal Investigation Bureau, National Police Agency
- January 1991  Chief of the Osaka Prefectural Police Headquarters
- December 1992  Member of Pollution-related Health Damage Compensation Grievance Board
- December 1997  President of The Horse Racing Protection Foundation of Japan
- June 2003  Corporate Auditor (Outside Corporate Auditor), Sharp Corporation (present)

Both Messrs. Mitsuhiko Iwasaki, and Michihiro Ishii will retire as Corporate Auditors of Sharp (Outside Corporate Auditors) due to expiration of their term of office at the conclusion of the 114th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, at which time they will retire as Members of the Special Committee. When the candidates for Corporate Auditors, Messrs. Shinji Hirayama and Yoichiro Natsuzumi, will be appointed as the Corporate Auditors of Sharp (Outside Corporate Auditors), at which time both of them will be appointed as the Members of the Special Committee. The term of office of the three (3) Members other than Messrs. Mitsuhiko Iwasaki and Michihiro Ishii will continue.
Career summaries of the candidates for Corporate Auditors are as follows:

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Date of birth:</th>
<th>Position and Company</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Shinji Hirayama  | June 4, 1948   | June 2001 Executive Officer of The Fuji Bank, Ltd.  
|                  |                | June 2002 General Manager of Fukuoka Branch  
|                  |                | June 2004 Senior Managing Director of Mizuho Asset Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.  
|                  |                | June 2005 Senior Managing Director of Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.  
|                  |                | June 2006 Senior Managing Director of Mizuho Information & Research Institute, Inc. (present)  
|                  | March 2006     | Corporate Auditor, Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Yoichiro Natsuzumi | March 4, 1949  | April 1975 Member of Bar Association  
|                  |                | April 1975 Joined Irokawa Law Office (present) |
Exhibit 3: Outline of Stock Acquisition Rights

1. Shareholders entitled to receive Stock Acquisition Rights and Conditions for issuance
   Sharp will allot the Stock Acquisition Rights to those shareholders, other than Sharp itself, who are entered or recorded in Sharp’s final register of shareholders or register of beneficial shareholders on the date of record decided and publicly declared by the Board of Directors of Sharp, at a ratio of one Stock Acquisition Right for every one share of Sharp.

2. Class and number of shares to be issued upon exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights
   The class of shares to be issued upon the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights shall be common stock, and one share shall be granted for each Stock Acquisition Right exercised (hereinafter referred to as the “Number of Shares Covered by Stock Acquisition Rights”). However, in the event of a share split or a share consolidation of Sharp’s shares, the required adjustment shall be made. The Number of Shares Covered by Stock Acquisition Rights might be adjusted in accordance with the change of the total number of issued shares.

3. Amount to be paid upon exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights
   The amount required to be paid upon the exercise of a Stock Acquisition Right shall be determined by the Board of Directors of Sharp but shall be between one (1) Japanese Yen at a minimum and one-half of the market price of one share of Sharp at a maximum.

4. Conditions for exercising Stock Acquisition Rights
   The condition shall be imposed, among others, that those exercising Stock Acquisition Rights cannot belong to a specified group of shareholders holding a 20% or more share of voting rights (except with the previous consent of the Board of Directors of Sharp). Details shall be separately determined by the Board of Directors of Sharp.
5. Restriction on transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights
   Any transfer of the Stock Acquisition Rights requires approval of the Board of Directors of Sharp.

6. Acquisition of Stock Acquisition Rights by Sharp
   At any time on or before the day immediately prior to the commencement date of the exercise period, if the Board of Directors considers that it is appropriate for Sharp to acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights, Sharp may, on a date to be separately determined by the Board of Directors, acquire all of the Stock Acquisition Rights without consideration. Sharp may determine that Sharp may acquire all of the Stock Acquisition Rights that are held by persons other than those who are not granted to exercise the Stock Acquisition Rights as set forth in 4 above and deliver shares of Sharp in the number equal to the Number of Shares Covered by Stock Acquisition Rights for every one Stock Acquisition Rights. Details shall be separately determined by the Board of Directors of Sharp.

7. Exercise period for Stock Acquisition Rights and others
   The exercise period for the Stock Acquisition Rights and other necessary matters shall be separately determined by the Board of Directors of Sharp.
Exhibit 4: Status of Shares of Sharp [as of March 31, 2008]

(1) Total number of authorized shares: 2,500,000,000 shares
(2) Total number of issued shares: 1,110,699,887 shares (10,174,616 treasury shares included)
(3) Number of shareholders: 85,032
(4) Major shareholders (Top 10)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Names of shareholders</th>
<th>Number of shares</th>
<th>Percent of shares</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nippon Life Insurance Company</td>
<td>55,667</td>
<td>5.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Street Bank and Trust Company</td>
<td>52,730</td>
<td>4.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company</td>
<td>47,359</td>
<td>4.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.</td>
<td>41,910</td>
<td>3.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.</td>
<td>41,678</td>
<td>3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)</td>
<td>39,234</td>
<td>3.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)</td>
<td>39,113</td>
<td>3.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Dai-ichi Mutual Life Insurance Company</td>
<td>30,704</td>
<td>2.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Company, Limited</td>
<td>30,658</td>
<td>2.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sompo Japan Insurance Inc.</td>
<td>26,870</td>
<td>2.42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Note)

1. Percent of shares is the percent of the total number of shares issued by Sharp including treasury shares.
2. In addition to the above, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. has 4,770,000 shares of Sharp, which is established as a trust estate for a retirement benefits trust.